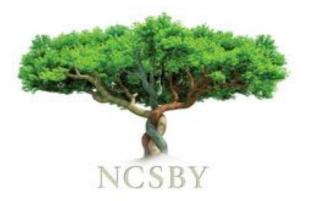
Clinical Assessment of Children with Problematic Sexual Behavior: An Overview

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What is Problematic Sexual Behavior?

- What is sexual development in children?
- When should we be concerned about sexual behavior?
- When does it rise to the level of needing treatment? What type of treatment is recommended?
- What safety measures will be important to put into place?

Typical Sexual Development

- Part of overall development
- Curiosity
- Learning about the world
- Language
- Mimicking
- Agreement





There is a purpose to Sexual Development.

Healthy friendship, relationships, communication, nurturance and intimacy are not innate.

Many factors can make the process even more difficult.









Problematic Sexual Behavior

Frequency	Developmental Considerations	Harm
High Frequency	Occurs between Youth of Significantly Divergent Ages/Developmental Abilities	Intrusive Behaviors
Excludes Normal Childhood Activities	Behaviors are Longer in Duration than Developmentally Expected	Includes Force, Intimidation, and/or Coercion
Unresponsive (i.e., does not decrease) to Typical Parenting Strategies	Behavior Interferes with Social Development	Elicits Fear & Anxiety in Other Children

What is the Goal of the Clinical Assessment?

- Is there a problematic sexual behavior?
 - Interview, gathering details about behavior
 - Child Sexual Behavior Inventory
- Treatment planning
 - Not a diagnosis
 - Details on the behavior
 - Co occurring conditions
- Safety planning
 - Home
 - School
 - Community



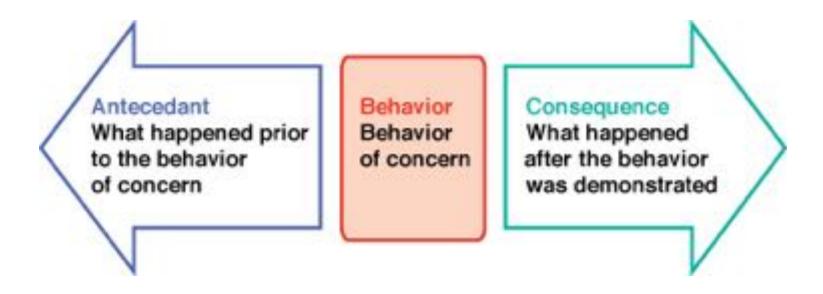
What Types of Children have Sexual Behavior Problems?

- Boys and Girls have problematic sexual behavior
- Found in children as young as 3 years of age
- No profile
- Many have <u>not</u> been sexually abused



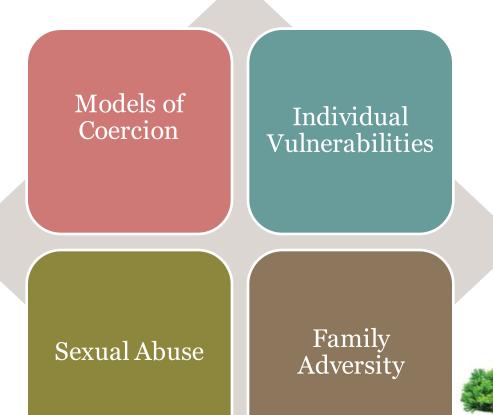


Sexual Behavior





Contributing Factors



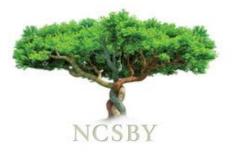
Impact of Technology

- Devices
- Modalities



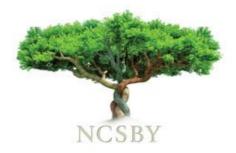






Co-Occurring Concerns

- Disruptive Behavior Disorders
 - ADHD
 - Oppositional Defiant Disorder
- Trauma
 - Impact on behavior
 - Post traumatic Stress Disorder
- Language and learning



Protective Factors

Healthy boundaries supported & modeled

Adaptive coping skills

Successful experiences / skills Supportive & Protective Factors Against PSB in Youth Protection from harm & trauma

> Parental guidance & supervision

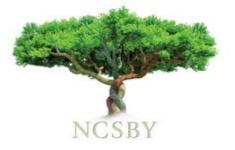
Open communication about feelings with a trusted adult

Healthy friendships



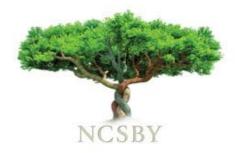
Developmental Considerations

- Sexual development now and future
- Acknowledging the behavior
 - Does it matter if they don't?
- Empathy



Treatment Planning

- Targets of treatment
 - Greatest severity
 - Greatest concern
- Who involve in treatment
- Type of treatment



Characteristics of Effective Interventions

- Caregiver direct and active involvement
 - Supervision
 - Parenting skills
 - Sex education
 - Rules and Boundaries
 - Abuse prevention
- Cognitive behavioral
- Skill based
- Decision making





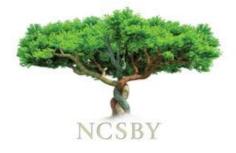
Safety Planning

- Responsiveness to supervision
- Severity of behavior
- Capacity of the caregivers
- Vulnerability of children
- Risky situations
- Rules about behavior
 - What do and what not do
- Supervision level
- Reassess over time



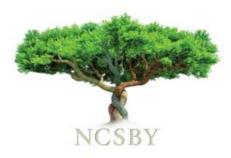
Suspected Child Abuse and Neglect

- Know reporting laws in community
- Disclosures of abuse or neglect at assessment
- Caregiver response

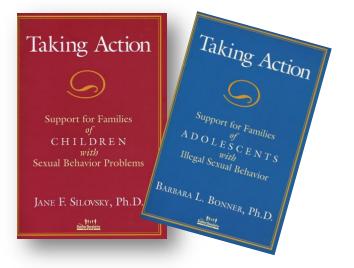


Conclusions

- Kids first (not mini-adults)
- Individualized assessment of family
- Risk and protective factors
- Children are malleable -
 - Assessment is a snapshot



Professional Resources





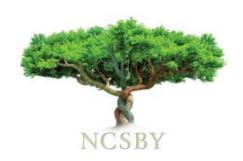












NEARI Press Webinars

March 13: Assessment of Problematic Sexual Behavior in Children: What, When and How

Erin Taylor, PhD

April 10: Clinical Decision Making in Children with Problematic Sexual Behavior

Shel Millington, MA, LPC Amanda Mitten, MA, LPC



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